



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

THE GEOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

CONTENTS FOR FEBRUARY, 1918

The Eskimos of Northern Alaska: A Study in the Effect of Civilization. By Diamond Jenness. (1 map, 7 photos)	89
The Isolation of the Lower St. Lawrence Valley. By Roderick Peattie. (1 map, 8 photos)	102
Our Waterway Requirements. By Robert M. Brown. (1 diagr.)	119
Ocean Temperatures Off the Coast of Peru. By R. E. Coker. (1 map)	127
Some Chinese Contributions to Meteorology. By Co-Ching Chu. (1 diagr.)	136
New Evidence That Cook Did Not Reach the Pole	140
Geographical Record	142

American Geographical Society

Annual Reports of the Society; Meetings of January	142
---	-----

North America

The Catskill Water System and the History of New York City's Water Supply	144
Recent Growth of the Fur Trade in the United States	145
Peat, An Unutilized Resource of Minnesota	145

South America

The Chilean-Argentine Boundary in Beagle Channel, Tierra del Fuego	146
British Guiana as an Exporter of Rice	147

Europe

Friuli, the Eastern Gate of the North Italian Plain	147
--	-----

Africa

The Uganda Railroad in the De- velopment of East Africa	148
A New Abyssinian Potash De- posit	149

Asia

The Punjab Irrigation System	149
--	-----

Physical Geography

Rainfall and Battles	151
Can Seasonal Weather Forecasts Be Made from Ocean Water Movements?	151

Geographical News

Officers of the Association of American Geographers for 1918	151
Personal	151

Geographical Publications	153
-------------------------------------	-----

The Society is not responsible for the opinions or the statements of writers in the Review

Published monthly by the American Geographical Society

Broadway at 156th Street, New York, N. Y.

Price, fifty cents a number

Five dollars a year

Entered as second-class matter, January 22, 1916, at the Post Office at New York, N. Y.,
under the act of August 24, 1912

Press of Douglas Taylor & Co., New York

OUR CONTRIBUTORS

Mr. Jenness, a native of New Zealand and a graduate of Oxford University, was ethnologist of the Southern Party of the Canadian Arctic Expedition of 1913-16. During this period he was able to make an intimate study of the life of the Eskimos living in the region visited by the expedition. The present is the second of two papers dealing with the two separate groups into which they fall: the Copper Eskimos of the Coronation Gulf region (August, 1917, *Review*) and the Eskimos of Northern Alaska.

Mr. Peattie was a teaching Fellow in Physiography at Harvard University until June, 1917. The trip on which the observations embodied in the present article were made was carried out in the summer of 1916; both shores of the estuary were visited and a distance of 900 miles was covered, a third of it on foot.

Professor Brown is head of the department of geography of the Rhode Island Normal School at Providence. He is an authority on the Mississippi River, whose physical geography and whose function as a great waterway he has discussed in numerous papers, mainly in the *Bulletin of the American Geographical Society*. He is also the author of "The Geography of Worcester, Mass.," an excellent study in city geography.

Dr. Coker was engaged by the Peruvian Government in 1906-08 to investigate the fisheries and the guano industry of that country. The observations of ocean temperatures discussed in the present paper were made at that time. Several reports on the industries were published in Lima, and one in the Proceedings of the Fourth International Fishery Congress, Washington, 1908. His collections of marine animals and algae were made the basis of systematic reports by various specialists.

Mr. Chu is a native of Shoa Hing, China, and came to this country for his education, where he attended the University of Illinois and Harvard University. At the latter institution he specialized in meteorology, on which topic he has contributed two papers to the *Monthly Weather Review*, one on "Rainfall in China, 1900 to 1911" (May, 1916), and the other on the "Distribution of Precipitation in China During the Typhoons of the Summer of 1911" (August, 1916).